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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/975,841	10/12/2001	Rory Smith	476-2059	3645
23644 75	590 07/13/2006		EXAM	INER
BARNES & THORNBURG, LLP			NGO, NGUYEN HOANG	
P.O. BOX 2786 CHICAGO, IL			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2616	
			DATE MAILED: 07/13/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/975,841	SMITH ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Nguyen Ngo	2663	

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 27 June 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: The period for reply expires \_\_\_ months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) 🔀 The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on \_\_\_\_\_. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: ..... (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. Tor purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: \_\_ Claim(s) rejected: \_\_ Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. 🖾 The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 13. Other: \_\_\_\_. SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/27/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

2. The applicant submits that Jordan does not teach the claim feature of a buffer-to-buffer flow control mechanism of the client signal. Examiner posits it is not unreasonable to interpret the conventional buffer overflow control as disclosed by Jordan and admitted to by the applicant to correlate to buffer-to-buffer flow control mechanism of the client signal. As disclosed by Jordan (col7 lines 36-55), each and every client signal (Ethernet signals) is passed through a buffer (buffer 116) which implements a conventional buffer over flow control to prevent loss of data content (buffer flow control mechanism). Thus a different Ethernet signal (different client signal) will also be passed through the said buffer, which also implements a conventional buffer over flow control on said Ethernet signal. The Examiner posits that this may be interpreted as buffer-to-buffer flow control mechanism of the client signal, wherein each client signal (different data stream or Ethernet signal) conforms to the conventional buffer overflow control, and "buffer-to-buffer" be interpreted as a buffer overflow control of different Ethernet signals. Applicant further submits that this buffer control be called a "buffer-by-buffer flow control". Examiner posits it is not unreasonable to correlate and interpret the buffer-to-buffer flow control of claim 1, as a buffer-by-buffer flow control as mentioned in the remarks. It should further be noted, that a buffer flow control of one buffer affects and controls the outcome and flow of another buffer in a system. Thus the conventional buffer over flow control of the buffer disclosed by Jordan may be interpreted as buffer-to-buffer flow control, as it affects and controls other buffers in the system.

3. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a protocol such as Fiberchannel or ESCON, page 11 of remarks) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims.

See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).